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P27449

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General information about the entry

Entry name **VATL_HUMAN**
 Primary accession number **P27449**
 Secondary accession numbers None
 Entered in Swiss-Prot in Release 23, August 1992
 Sequence was last modified in Release 23, August 1992
 Annotations were last modified in Release 41, June 2002

Name and origin of the protein

Protein name **Vacuolar ATP synthase 16 kDa proteolipid subunit**
 Synonym **EC 3.6.3.14**
 Gene name **ATP6V0C or ATP6L or ATP6C or ATP6L**
 From **Homo sapiens (Human) [TaxID: 9606]**
 Taxonomy **Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eularchia; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominoidea; Homo.**

References

- [1] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.
 MEDLINE:91239553; PubMed-1709739; [NCBI, Expasy, EBI, Israel, Japan]
 Gillespie G.A.J., Somlo S., Germino G.G., Wernstae-Sislow D., Reekers S.L.:
 "CpG island in the region of an autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease locus defines the 5' end of a gene encoding a putative proton channel";
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 88:4289-4293(1991).
- [2] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.
 TISSUE: Brain, Muscle, and Skin;
 Strausberg R.:
 Submitted (JUN-2001) to the EMBL GenBank DDBJ databases.

Comments

- **FUNCTION:** PROTON-CONDUCTING PORE FORMING SUBUNIT OF THE MEMBRANE INTEGRAL V0 COMPLEX OF VACUOLAR ATPASE. V-ATPASE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ACIDIFYING A VARIETY OF INTRACELLULAR COMPARTMENTS IN EUKARYOTIC CELLS.
- **CATALYTIC ACTIVITY:** ATP + H₂O + H⁺(In) → ADP + phosphate + H⁺(Out).
- **SUBUNIT:** V-ATPASE IS AN HETEROMULTIMERIC ENZYME COMPOSED OF A PERIPHERAL CATALYTIC V1 COMPLEX (MAIN COMPONENTS: SUBUNITS A, B, C, D, E, AND F) ATTACHED TO AN INTEGRAL MEMBRANE V0 PROTON PORE COMPLEX (MAIN COMPONENT, THE PROTEOLIPID PROTEIN, WHICH IS PRESENT AS A HEXAMER THAT FORMS THE PROTON-CONDUCTING PORE).
- **SUBCELLULAR LOCATION:** Integral membrane protein, Vacuolar
- **MISCELLANEOUS:** THIS SUBUNIT BINDS DICYCLOHEXYL CARBODIIMIDE (DCDD) WHICH INHIBITS THE ATPASE.
- **SIMILARITY:** BELONGS TO THE V-ATPASE PROTEOLIPID SUBUNIT FAMILY.

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Cross-references

	M62762: AAA60039.1. - [EMBL] [GenBank] [DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	BC004537: AAH04537.1. - [EMBL] [GenBank] [DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
EMBL	BC007389: AAH07389.1. - [EMBL] [GenBank] [DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	BC007759: AAH07759.1. - [EMBL] [GenBank] [DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	BC009290: AAH09290.1. - [EMBL] [GenBank] [DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
PIR	A39367: A39367.
Genew	HGNC:855:ATP6V0C .
CleanEx	HGNC:855:ATP6V0C .
MIM	108745 [NCBI] [E3I].
GeneCards	ATP6V0C .
GeneLynx	ATP6V0C : Homo sapiens.
SOURCE	ATP6V0C : Homo sapiens.
Ensembl	P27449, Homo sapiens. [Entry] [Config view]
	IPF001479 : ATPase_Csub.
InterPro	IPF00145 : Vac_ATPsynth_Csub. Graphical view of domain structure .
Pfam	PF00131 : ATP-synth_C_2.
PRINTS	PR00122 : VACATPASE
TIGRFAMs	TIGR0100 : V_ATP_synth_C_1.
ProDom	[Domain structure] List of seq. sharing at least 1 domain .
BLOCKS	P27449 .
ProtoNet	P27449 .
ProtoMap	P27449 .
PRESAGE	P27449 .
DIP	P27449 .
ModBase	P27449 .
SWISS-2DPAGE	Get degradation 2D PAGE .

Keywords

Hydrolase; Hydrogen ion transport; ATP synthesis; Transmembrane.

Features

Key	From	To	Length	Description
DOMAIN	1	10	10	LUMENAL (<i>POTENTIAL</i>) .
TRANSMEM	11	13	23	<i>POTENTIAL</i> .
DOMAIN	34	55	22	CYTOPLASMIC (<i>POTENTIAL</i>) .
TRANSMEM	56	76	21	<i>POTENTIAL</i> .
DOMAIN	77	92	16	LUMENAL (<i>POTENTIAL</i>) .
TRANSMEM	93	114	22	<i>POTENTIAL</i> .
DOMAIN	115	126	12	CYTOPLASMIC (<i>POTENTIAL</i>) .
TRANSMEM	127	152	26	<i>POTENTIAL</i> .
DOMAIN	153	155	3	LUMENAL (<i>POTENTIAL</i>) .
BINDING	135	139		DICYCLOHEXYLCARBODIIMIDE (<i>POTENTIAL</i>) .



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Sequence information

Length: 155 AA Molecular weight: 15736 Da CRC64: 91141854A0492A5B [This is a checksum on the sequence]

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      10      20      30      40      50      60
MSESKSGPEY ASFFAVMGAS AAMVFSALGA AYGTAKSGTG IAAMSVMRPE QIMKSIIPVV
      70      80      90     100     110     120
MAGITATYGL VVAVLIANSI NDDISLYKSF LQLGAILSVG LSGLAAGFAI GTVGDAGVRG
     130     140     150
TAQQPRLEVG MILILITFAEV LGLYGLIVAL ILSTK
```

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Direct BLAST submission at [NCBI](#) ([Bethesda, USA](#))



[ScanProsite](#), [MotifScan](#)



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General information about the entry

Entry name: **VATL_BOVIN**
 Primary accession number: **P23956**
 Secondary accession numbers: None
 Entered in Swiss-Prot in: Release 21, March 1992
 Sequence was last modified in: Release 21, March 1992
 Annotations were last modified in: Release 41, June 2002

Name and origin of the protein

Protein name: **Vacuolar ATP synthase 16 kDa proteolipid subunit**
 Synonym: **EC 3.6.3.14**
 Gene name: **ATP6V0C or ATP6L or ATP6C**
 From: **Bos taurus (Bovine) [TaxID: 9913]**
 Taxonomy: **Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae; Bovinae; Bos.**

References

- [1] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.
 MEDLINE: 88289753; PubMed: 2456571; [NCBI, ExpASY, EBI, Israel, Japan]
 Mandel M., Moriyama Y., Holmes J.D., Pan Y.-C.F., Nelson H., Nelson N.;
 "cDNA sequence encoding the 16-kDa proteolipid of chromaffin granules implies gene duplication in the evolution of H⁺-ATPases";
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:5521-5524(1988).
- [2] REVISIONS.
 Nelson N.;
 Submitted (JUN-1988) to the EMBL, GenBank DDBJ databases.
- [3] SEQUENCE OF 7-26.
TISSUE=Brain;
 MEDLINE: 89338721; PubMed: 2527163; [NCBI, ExpASY, EBI, Israel, Japan]
 Dermietzel R., Voelker M., Hwang L.K., Benzborn R.J., Meyer H.H.;
 "A 16 kDa protein co-isolating with gap junctions from brain tissue belonging to the class of proteolipids of the vacuolar H⁺-ATPases";
 FEBS Lett. 253:1-5(1989).

Comments

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Cross-references

EMBL J03835; AAA30397.1; -. [EMBL] [GenBank] [DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
 PIR A31320; PNBOV6.
 S05209; S05209.
 InterPro IPR002379; ATPase_Csub.
 IPR000247; Vac_ATPsynth_Csub.
 Graphical view of domain structure.
 Pfam PF00137; ATP-synth_C:2.
 PRINTS PR00122; VACATPASE.
 TIGRFAMs TIGR01100; V_ATP_synth_C:1.
 ProDom [Domain structure - List of seq. sharing at least 1 domain].
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 ProtoNet P23956.
 ProtoMap P23956.
 PRESAGE P23956.
 DIP P23956.
 ModBase P23956.
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Keywords

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Features

Key	From	To	Length	Description
DOMAIN	1	10	10	LUMENAL (POTENTIAL).
TRANSMEM	11	31	21	POTENTIAL.
DOMAIN	34	55	22	CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
TRANSMEM	56	76	21	POTENTIAL.
DOMAIN	77	92	16	LUMENAL (POTENTIAL).
TRANSMEM	93	114	22	POTENTIAL.
DOMAIN	115	126	12	CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
TRANSMEM	127	147	20	POTENTIAL.
DOMAIN	148	150	3	LUMENAL (POTENTIAL).
BINDING	152	154	3	DICYCLOHEXYLCARBODIIMIDE POTENTIAL).



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Feature table
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Sequence information

Length: 155 AA Molecular weight: 15720 Da CRC64: 326B20B5F7D7D607 [This is a checksum on the sequence]

```

      10      20      30      40      50      60
      |      |      |      |      |      |
MSEAKNGPEY ASFFAVMQAS AAMVFSALGA A/GTAKSGTG IAAMSVMRPE MIMKSIIPVV
      70      80      90     100     110     120
      |      |      |      |      |      |
MAGIIAIYGL VVAVLIANSI NKGISLYRSF LQLGAGLSVG LSGLAAGFAI GIVGDAGVRG
     130     140     150
      |      |      |
TAQPPPLPVG MILILIFAEV LGLYGLIVAL ILSTK
  
```

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Direct BLAST submission at NCBI (Bethesda, USA)



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Sequence analysis tools: ProtParam, ProtScale, Compute
pI Mw, PeptideMass, PeptideCutter, Dotlet (Java)



Feature table viewer (Java)



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2	524	proteolipid	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:42
3	0	(vacuolar adj atp adj synthase) near5 proteolipid	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:42
4	0	(vacuolar adj atp adj synthase) with proteolipid	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:42
5	8	(vacuolar adj atp adj synthase) and proteolipid	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:43
6	0	atp6v0c	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:43
7	0	atp6l	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:43
8	8	atp6c	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:45
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10	4	vacuolar near3 atp\$ near3 proteolipid	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2003 02 07 10:46